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DATASHEET

Anti-Parvalbumin antibody ValidAb™

Product overview

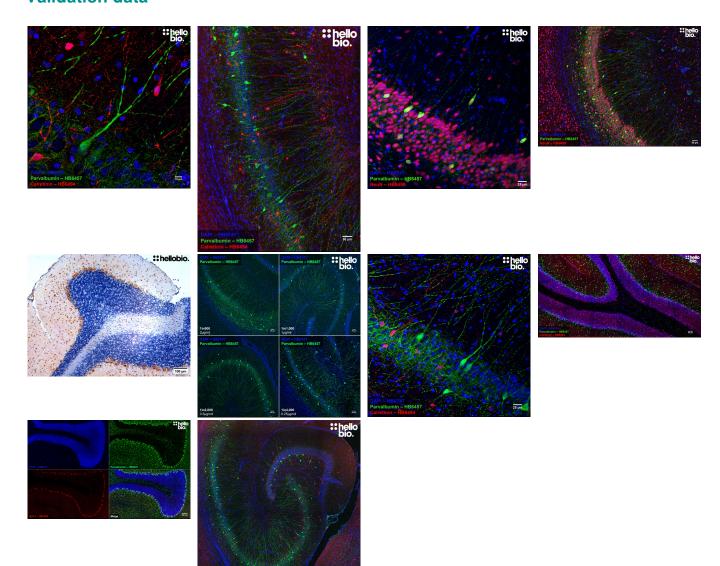
Name Anti-Parvalbumin antibody ValidAb™

Cat No HB6457
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Target Parvalbumin

Description Antibody to Parvalbumin - calcium binding protein used as a marker for an inhibitory interneuron

subtype. Part of the ValidAbTM range of highly validated, data-rich antibodies.

Validation data



Product information

Recombinant human parvalbumin expressed in and purified from E. coli Immunogen

Clone number Isotype lgG1

Purification Protein G affinity chromatography

Concentration 1mg/ml

Formulation 50% PBS, 50% glycerol + 5mM sodium azide **Predicted species reactivity** Mouse, Rat, Human, Pig, Horse, Cow

Tested species reactivity Mouse, Rat

Tested applications

Applications IHC-P. IHC(IF)

IHC(IF) optimal concentration 0.25µg/ml (1:4,000) as measured in free-floating paraformaldehyde fixed rat brain sections

IHC-P optimal concentration 1:250 (4µg/ml) as tested in paraffin embedded rat horizontal brain sections using streptavidin-HRP

detection system.

Positive control Parvalbumin is expressed in interneurones in a wide array of brain regions such as the cerebellum and

hippocampus.

Negative control Parvalbumin is not expressed in a range of tissues such as liver, muscle and skin in adittion to not

expressing in HeLa cells.

Open data link Please follow this link to OSF

Target information

Other names Parvalbumin alpha, PV, PVALB, D22S749

UniProt ID P20472 **PVALB** Gene name NCBI full gene name Parvalbumin

Entrez gene ID

Amino acids 110 (12.1kDa)

Isoforms Parvalbumin has only one described isoform

Parvalbumin is expressed in inhibitory interneurons in various regions of the brain, including the **Expression**

cerebral cortex, hippocampus, and cerebellum. It is also expressed in skeletal muscle and select other

tissues such as in the parathyroid gland.

Subcellular expression Parvalbumin is expressed in the cytosol; in neurones this expression is across the whole cell body,

dendritic and axonal compartments.

Processing Following translation no processing other than having the initiator methionine removed is required for

parvalbumin to reach its active conformation.

Post translational modifications

Parvalbumin is subject to phosphorylation on S2, T4 and S24 alongside acetylation on S2.

Homology (compared to

human)

Compared to human parvalbumin the mouse and rat homologs show 87.3% and 91.8% identity respectively in a BLAST search. Mouse and rat parvalbumin show a 94.6% identity with 6 amino acid

changes.

Similar proteins In a BLAST search the only identified similar proteins were Oncomodulin-1 (51.4% identity, 12.1kDa)

and Oncomodulin-2 (51.4% identity, 12.1kDa)

Storage & Handling

Storage instructions

-20°C

Important

This product is for RESEARCH USE ONLY and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Not

for human or veterinary use

References

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Parvalbumin interneuron vulnerability and brain disorders.

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Parvalbumin-positive interneurons of the prefrontal cortex support working memory and cognitive flexibility.

Murray AJ et al (2015) Scientific reports 5 **PubMedID** 26608841

Role of the calcium-binding protein parvalbumin in short-term synaptic plasticity.

Caillard O et al (2000) Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America 97

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