Hello Bio, Inc. 304 Wall St., Princeton, NJ 08540 USA

T. 609-683-7500 F. 609-228-4994

customercare-usa@hellobio.com

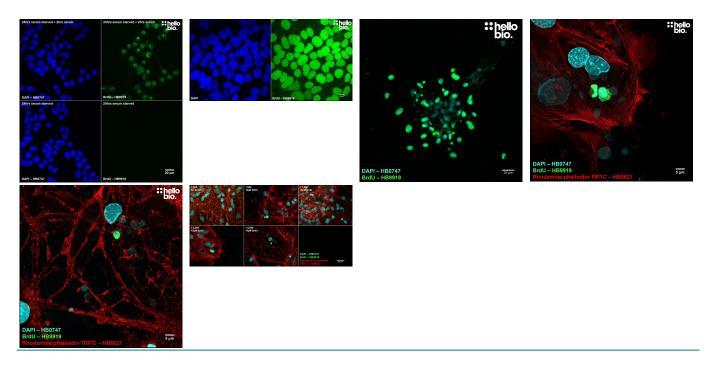


# DATASHEET Anti-BrdU antibody ValidAb<sup>™</sup>

### **Product overview**

Name	Anti-BrdU antibody ValidAb <sup>™</sup>
Cat No	HB9919
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Target	BrdU
Description	Antibody to BrdU - thymidine analogue incorporated into DNA during replication therefore used as a marker of proliferating cells. Part of the ValidAb <sup>TM</sup> range of highly validated, data-rich antibodies.

## Validation data



## **Product information**

Immunogen BrdU conjugated with hemocyanine. Clone number MoBu-1 Isotype lgG1 Purification Protein A affinity chromatography Lyophilised. When reconstituted contains PBS with 15mM sodium azide and 1% recombinant albumin Formulation **Predicted species reactivity** NA **Tested species reactivity** NA

## **Tested applications**

Applications ICC, IHC(IF) IHC(IF) optimal concentration 1µg/ml (1:1000) as measured in rat hippocampus. **ICC** optimal concentration 1µg/ml (1:1000) as measured in mixed neuronal cell cultures. The dense structure of chromatin can prevent anti-BrdU antibodies binding to the intercalated BrdU Product specific protocols within the DNA helix. Denaturing the DNA can therefore improve staining: Incubate brain sections or coverslips in 2M HCl for 30 minutes at 37°C Incubate with 0.1M sodium tetraborate (2 x 5 minute incubations) to neutralise the acid Wash in PBS / TBS (3 x 5 minute washes) • Continue with immunostaining (see our IHC(IF) and ICC protocols for more information) For more details on BrdU immunostraining please see Wojtowicz and Kee., 2006 Positive control Any cell line or tissue that has had BrdU administered to it while cells are replicating **Negative control** Any cell line or tissue that has not been exposed to BrdU **Open data link** Please follow this link to the OSF.

### **Target information**

Other names

5-Bromo-2-deoxyuridine

### Storage & Handling

Storage instructions Reconstitution advice -20°C then use reconstitution advice Upon receipt store at either -20°C or -80°C.

For 100µg packs either:

- Reconstitute with 100 $\mu l\,dH_2O$  and store at 4  $^\circ C$
- Reconstitute with 50µl dH<sub>2</sub>O and 50µl glycerol then store at -20°C
- Reconstitute with 100 $\mu$ l dH<sub>2</sub>O, aliquot then snap freeze and store at -80 °C

For 25µg packs either:

- Reconstitute with 25µl dH<sub>2</sub>O and store at 4°C
- Reconstitute with 12.5µl dH<sub>2</sub>O and 12.5µl glycerol then store at -20°C
- Reconstitute with 25µl dH<sub>2</sub>O, aliquot then snap freeze and store at -80 °C

For more information read our guide on the best care for your product. Take care when opening as the precipitate is extremely light and can easily be lost if disturbed. When reconstituting make sure that the antibody is thoroughly dissolved by pipetting up and down before giving the antibody a brief spin at 10,000g to make sure that all material is recovered and at the bottom of the tube. This product is for RESEARCH USE ONLY and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Not for human or veterinary use

Important

## References

#### BrdU assay for neurogenesis in rodents.

Wojtowicz JM et al (2006) Nature protocols 1 PubMedID 17406427

The use of bromodeoxyuridine incorporation assays to assess corneal stem cell proliferation.

Crane AM et al (2013) Methods in molecular biology (Clifton, N.J.) 1014 **PubMedID** 23690005

#### Proliferation assays (BrdU and EdU) on skeletal tissue sections.

Mead TJ et al (2014) Methods in molecular biology (Clifton, N.J.) 1130 PubMedID 24482177

#### Neurogenesis in the adult human hippocampus.