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# DATASHEET

6-Hydroxydopamine (6-OHDA) hydrobromide

#### **Product overview**

Name	6-Hydroxydopamine (6-OHDA) hydrobromide
Cat No	HB1889
Alternative names	6-OHDA, Oxidopamine
Biological action	Toxin
Purity	>98%
Description	Neurotoxin, widely used to produce the 6-OHDA Parkinson's disease model

## **Biological Data**

 Biological description
 6-hydroxydopamine hydrobromide (6-OHDA) is widely used to lesion the nigrostriatal dopaminergic system as a model of Parkinson's disease (6-OHDA lesion model).

 6-OHDA is commonly unilaterally administered into the medial forebrain bundle (MFB), substantia nigra or striatum to induce a selective depletion of dopamine neurons to reproduce behavioural deficits seen in Parkinson's disease. Varying degrees of neurodegeneration occur depending on site of administration.

 Unilateral administration of 6-OHDA into one hemisphere (hemiparkinsonian model) permits assessment of a quantifiable turning behaviour which can be correlated with the magnitude of the nigrostriatal lesions. Bilateral 6-OHDA lesion models may also be used.

### **Solubility & Handling**

Storage instructions Solubility overview Handling	-20°C Soluble in water (100 mM) and in DMSO (100 mM) This compound is very air and light sensitive; exposure to air/light may affect compound performance. We therefore recommend storing the solid material at -20°C in a sealed jar, in the dark and protect from light. As the compound is hygroscopic, dessicate if possible.
Important	Do not store the material in solution; make up solutions and use immediately. Protect from light. Solutions can be prepared using oxygen free water containing 0.1% sodium metabisulfite. This product is for RESEARCH USE ONLY and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Not for human or veterinary use

### **Chemical Data**

Chemical name Molecular Weight Chemical structure

Molecular Formula CAS Number PubChem identifier SMILES InChi 5-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2,4-benzenetriol hydrobromide 250.09 HO HO HO HBr  $C_8H_{11}NO_3 \cdot HBr$ 636-00-0 176170

C1=C(C(=CC(=C1O)O)O)CCN.Br InChI=1S/C8H11NO3.BrH/c9-2-1-5-3-7(11)8(12)4-6(5)10;/h3-4,10-12H,1-2,9H2;1H

#### References

A guide to neurotoxic animal models of Parkinson's disease. Tieu K (2011) Cold Spring Harb Perspect Med 1(1)

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Behavioral characterization of a unilateral 6-OHDA-lesion model of Parkinson's disease in mice.

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