

DATASHEET

DAPI

Product overview

Name	DAPI
Cat No	HB0747
Biological description	<u>Overview</u>

DAPI is a blue fluorescent DNA stain which is cell permeant at high concentrations.

DAPI binds strongly to A-T rich regions in DNA to form a fluorescent complex. It preferentially stains ds-DNA and has a high quantum yield ($\phi_f=0.92$) when bound to DNA.

Uses and applications

DAPI is commonly used as a nuclear and chromosome counterstain.

It is preferentially used to stain dead cells. DAPI is less effective as a live cell stain as it is unable to efficiently pass through the membrane in live cells. Therefore, higher concentrations may need to be used.

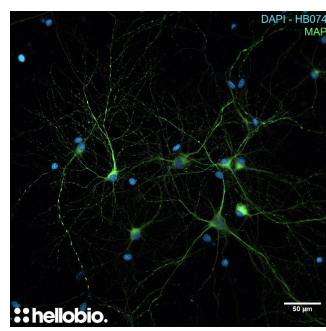
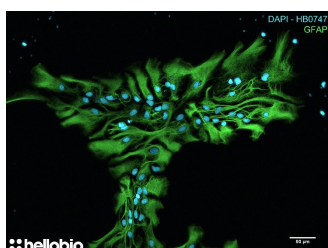
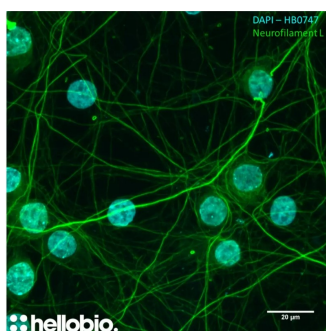
Cells must be permeabilized and/or fixed for DAPI to enter the cell and bind to DNA.

Due to DAPI's blue emission, there is very little fluorescent overlap between yellow-fluorescent, green-fluorescent molecules (e.g. fluorescein and GFP) or red-fluorescent stains (e.g. Texas red). It is therefore convenient for multiplexing assays.

DAPI has a great variety of applications but is often used for cell imaging, cell counting, cell sorting (based on DNA content), apoptosis analysis and in HCA (high-content analysis).

Biological action	DAPI Staining Solution (1mg/mL) also available .
Purity	Dyes & stains >98%
Description	Blue fluorescent DNA stain. Nuclear counterstain. Also available in solution .

Images



Biological Data

Figure 1: Neurofilament L and DAPI co-staining in hippocampal cell culture.

DAPI is a DNA binding dye commonly used to label cell nuclei in immunofluorescence experiments. DAPI from Hello Bio labels cell nuclei (blue) at 1 µg/ml when co-stained with an anti-neurofilament L antibody (green). For protocol see #Protocol 1 in application notes below.

Figure 2: GFAP and DAPI co-staining in hippocampal cell culture.

DAPI is a DNA binding dye commonly used to label cell nuclei in immunofluorescence experiments. DAPI from Hello Bio labels cell nuclei (blue) at 1 µg/ml when co-stained with an anti-GFAP antibody (green). For protocol see #Protocol 1 in application notes below.

Figure 3: MAP2 and DAPI co-staining in hippocampal cell culture.

DAPI is a DNA binding dye commonly used to label cell nuclei in immunofluorescence experiments. DAPI from Hello Bio labels cell nuclei (blue) at 1 µg/ml when co-stained with an anti-MAP2 antibody (green). For protocol see #Protocol 1 in application notes below.

#Protocol 1: DAPI counterstaining of primary cultured neurones.

- Primary neurones were isolated and cultured from P2 rats and grown for three weeks before being fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde.
- Coverslips containing neuronal cell cultures were labelled for either MAP2, GFAP or Neurofilament L following standard immunohistochemical approaches.
- Coverslips were then submerged in 1 µg/ml DAPI diluted in PBS for 1 minute.
- Following 2 x 5-minute washes in PBS coverslips were mounted and imaged with a fluorescent microscope.

Solubility & Handling

Storage instructions Solubility overview Important

-20 °C

Soluble in water (10mg/ml, gentle warming), and in methanol

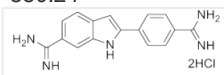
This product is for RESEARCH USE ONLY and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Not for human or veterinary use.

Chemical Data

Chemical name Molecular Weight Chemical structure

4',6-Diamidino-2-phenylindole dihydrochloride

350.24



Molecular Formula CAS Number PubChem identifier SMILES InChiKey MDL number Excitation Emission

C₁₆H₁₅N₅·2HCl

28718-90-3

160166

C1=CC(=CC=C1C2=CC3=C(N2)C=C(C=C3)C(=N)N)C(=N)N.Cl.Cl

FPNZBYLXNYPRLR-UHFFFAOYSA-N

MFCD00012681

340 / 360nm (for ds-DNA)

488 / 460nm (for ds-DNA)

References

DAPI: a DNA-specific fluorescent probe.

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Labeling nuclear DNA using DAPI.

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