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DATASHEET

(-)-Bicuculline methochloride

Product overview

Name(-)-Bicuculline methochlorideCat NoHB0895Alternative namesBICBiological actionAntagonistPurity>98%DescriptionPrototypic, competitive GABA_A receptor antagonist

Images



Biological Data

Biological description	Methochloride salt form of (+)-bicuculline.			
	Prototypic, competitive GABA _A receptor antagonist which displaces GABA from the agonist binding site to prevent receptor activation.			
	Also acts as a negative allosteric inhibitor of channel opening to inhibit GABA _A receptor activation by anaesthetic agents.			
	Additionally shows activity at SK calcium-activated potassium channels, nicotinic acetylcholine receptors and acetylcholinesterase.			
	Reversibly and competitively blocks GABA _A receptor mediated currents. Widely used to isolate glutamate receptor mediated EPSCs (excitatory postsynaptic potentials).			
	Shows convulsant action and induces epilepsy.			
Application notes	Freebase, methiodide and methobromide salts also available. The GABA _A receptor antagonist bicuculline is commonly used to reduce levels of inhibition by blocking the actions of the neurotransmitter GABA. It is commonly used at concentrations of 100 μ M and above Bicuculline methochloride from Hello Bio reduces both spontaneous inhibitory post synaptic currents (IPSC) and evoked IPSCs (see Fig 1 above). It was effective at 1 μ M with complete receptor blockade at 100 μ M.			

#Protocol 1: Evoked and spontaneous inhibitory post synaptic currents (IPSCs)

- Whole cell voltage clamp recordings were obtained from layer V neurons of the mouse prelimbic cortex brain slice.
- A stimulating electrode was placed in layers II/III and IPSCs were evoked by a single square (150 µs) pulse every 10 sec at a stimulus intensity that gave a reliable IPSC.
- · IPSCs were evoked at a range of neuron holding voltages to measure the reversal potential of the current to ensure it was GABAergic.
- · Neurons were held at 0mV and IPSCs continuously stimulated and recorded in response to 5 min applications of varying concentrations of Bicuculline methochloride until complete receptor inhibition.
- · Spontaneous IPSCs were recorded before and after addition of Bicuculline methochloride by holding the neuron at 0mV and recording for 10 sec.
- All recordings for IPSCs were made in the presence of AMPAR antagonists.

Solubility & Handling

Storage instructions Solubility overview Important

Room temperature Soluble in water (100mM) This product is for RESEARCH USE ONLY and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Not for human or veterinary use.

Chemical Data

Ch	em	ical	name	
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Molecular Weight **Chemical structure** [R-(R*,S*)]-5-(6,8-Dihydro-8-oxofuro[3,4-e]-1,3-benzodioxol-6-yl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,6-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolo[4,5-g]isoquinolinium chloride



Molecular Formula	$C_{21}H_{20}CINO_6$
CAS Number	38641-83-7
PubChem identifier	44134574
SMILES	C[N+]1(CCC2=CC3=C(C=C2C1C4C5=C(C6=C(C=C5)OCO6)C(=O)O4)OCO3)C.[Cl-]
Source	Synthetic
InChi	InChI=1S/C21H20NO6.CIH/c1-22(2)6-5-11-7-15-16(26-9-25-15)8-13(11)18(22)19-12-3-4-14-20(27-
	10-24-14)17(12)21(23)28-19;/h3-4,7-8,18-19H,5-6,9-10H2,1-2H3;1H/q+1;/p-1
InChiKey	RLJKFAMYSYWMND-UHFFFAOYSA-M
MDL number	MFCD00055233
Appearance	Green solid

References

Advantages of an antagonist: bicuculline and other GABA antagonists.

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Zhu T et al (2010) Nan Fang Yi Ke Da Xue Xue Bao 30(4) PubMedID 20423862